



MILESTONE 6
GLOBAL INITIATIVES

Since gaining independence in 1991, Kazakhstan has initiated a wide range of global initiatives aimed at enhancing international peace and security, economic development and regional stability. These key initiatives include the decision to renounce the world's fourth largest nuclear arsenal, which allowed Kazakhstan and the entire Central Asia to become free of nuclear weapons. Other initiatives include the Congresses of the Leaders of World and Traditional Religions, the Astana Economic Forum, G-GLOBAL, President Nursultan Nazarbayev's ATOM project and the global initiative entitled 'The world. The XXI century'. Kazakhstan has also won the right to host the major exhibition EXPO-2017, which will take place in Astana in 2017.

For the first time in its history, Kazakhstan has been elected as the United Nations Security Council's non-permanent member for 2017-2018.

MILESTONE 7
CIVIL SOCIETY

The main principle of civil society in Kazakhstan is based on ideological and political diversity and the differentiation between state and public institutions. The rights of Kazakhstan's citizens to create political, public and professional organisations are protected by legislation. Throughout Kazakhstan's society, no one ethnicity is given preferential treatment and all citizens are equal before the law. Building a united and harmonious State is a key factor in Kazakhstan's stable development.

Left: Palace of Peace and Reconciliation, Astana



G-GLOBAL
Project